

# Widespread data protection abuses highlighted by GDPR

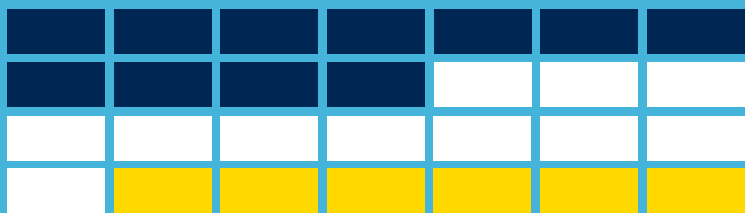
2018 was a landmark year for data protection. New EU rules took effect and complaints of breaches increased significantly.

## Building stronger data protection

25 May 2018

EU's **new and stronger data protection rules (GDPR)** entered into force

### By the end of 2018



■ **11** Member States adopted implementing laws **before 25 May**

■ **11** Member States, **after**

■ **6** have yet to do so

- As a result, **complaints of personal data rights violations** have risen significantly - for example, the British Data Protection Authority recorded

**5,992** BREACH NOTIFICATIONS

**14,996** COMPLAINTS

## Growing security concerns

- 9/10** Europeans said in 2017 that cybercrime is an important problem

2017 | 9/10



2015 | 8/10



- 26/28**

Member States **have signed up to Council of Europe's cybercrime convention** - the only binding international instrument in this area



- Diverse national laws continue to govern data retention pending new EU legislation



## AI gathers pace

- Most initiatives focus on the potential **economic impact of artificial intelligence**



- 6** Member States did in-depth analysis of ethical impact, but **only 1** covered fundamental rights



- But legal challenges highlight the misuse of AI and big data