

# Under-reporting of hate crimes: what can be done about it?

Safe justice for victims, VSE conference, 3 December 2021

osce.org/odihr



#### OSCE, ODIHR and hate crime

- Commitments: MC Dec 9/09:
  - encourage reporting
- Hate crime reporting @ hatecrime.osce.org
- Capacity building (law, training, policy)
- EStAR project, HLG's WG





















# Hate crime concept

HATE CRIME = CRIME + BIAS MOTIVE

#### Two elements:

- Crime: Criminal offence under criminal law
- Bias motivation (of the offender):
  - Target selected because of a protected characteristic; or
  - Hostility demonstrated immediately before, during or immediately after the attack





## Under-reporting of hate crime

- Why do victims not report?
  - Trust in the authorities, CJS bodies: scepticism, re-victimization,
  - normalization of victimization
  - lack of information and support
- Academic, IGO and national research & surveys suggest that 70-90% hate crimes go unreported
  - Unreported to whom?
  - Base offence vs. bias motivation?
  - Which crimes?
  - Which targeted groups report less, which more?
  - How many are in fact reported? How many of these are recorded as hate crimes?





Only one way to know: ask...

General crime victimization surveys

- Targeted hate crime victimization surveys/research
- (Use international research and extrapolate)







### Priorities for the authorities

Collaborate with CSOs, community outreach

Enable
"alternative"
reporting
channels

Recording & Individual needs assessment

Understand HC victimization

Train for sensitive and respectful treatment

Communication





#### **Priorities for CSOs**

Monitor and exchange data

3<sup>rd</sup> party reporting

Understand how LE work with hate incidents

Coalitions, speak with one voice





#### **ODIHR's tools**



EStAR project
<a href="https://www.osce.org/odihr/hate-crime-victim-support">https://www.osce.org/odihr/hate-crime-victim-support</a>
<a href="mailto:estar@odihr.pl">estar@odihr.pl</a>





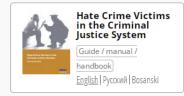










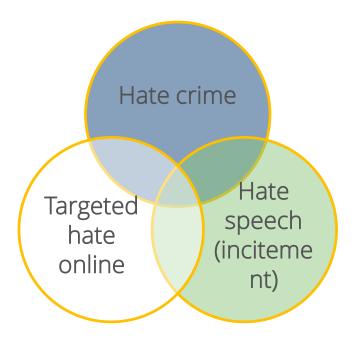








#### Hate crime, hate speech, cyber-hate



- Is there a crime?
- Is there a direct victim?
- Is there a perpetrator?

- Legal qualification should take into account the experience of the victim;
- National conceptualization of 'hate crime' should consider experiences of victims online.



#### Important links

Links to most resources are here:

https://hatecrime.osce.org/odihr-tools

For police: <a href="http://www.osce.org/odihr/tahcle">http://www.osce.org/odihr/tahcle</a>

https://www.osce.org/odihr/419897

For prosecutors: <a href="http://www.osce.org/odihr/pahct">http://www.osce.org/odihr/pahct</a>

http://www.osce.org/odihr/prosecutorsguide

For civil society: <a href="http://www.osce.org/odihr/39821">http://www.osce.org/odihr/39821</a>

https://www.osce.org/odihr/385017

HC recording & data: <a href="http://www.osce.org/odihr/datacollectionguide">http://www.osce.org/odihr/datacollectionguide</a>

https://www.osce.org/odihr/INFAHCT

HC laws: <a href="http://www.osce.org/odihr/36426">http://www.osce.org/odihr/36426</a>
HC Victims: <a href="https://www.osce.org/odihr/447028">https://www.osce.org/odihr/447028</a>

EStAR: <a href="https://www.osce.org/odihr/hate-crime-victim-support">https://www.osce.org/odihr/hate-crime-victim-support</a>







# THANKYOU for your attention



facebook.com/osce.odihr



@osce\_odihr



linkedin.com/company/osce-odihr

osce.org/odihr

